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ELECTION RETURN WORK

Inthe days when telephone and teleraph lines did not extend all over the ack districts, there was an excuse for lection returns coming in slowly. Many ewspaper editors can remember when hey had to hire teams to get the returns f back towns. Men would have to drive ong distances. But that time has passed ver most of the country.

In some districts it is a matter of pride or the counters to complete their work promptly and get it off to the neaest colction center at theearliest possible moment. There is frequently a race be-ween towns and precincts to see which shall get in the first return. Where that feeling prevails, a state will have the next orning a practically complete return of its voting, with very few districts mis-

In other localities returns come in very slowly. It may be three or four days before half the state vote is counted. In many cases the returns are completed, but the official neglect to transmit them Or slight technicalities may arise, leading officals to hold back the count.

All this is exceedingly annoying to the candidates and committees and workers, who naturally want to clean up campaign affairs and return to their usual occupations at the earliest moment. Also it is irritating to the public, who are keenly interested, an doften feel their own business affairs are affected.

Election officers and counters should therefore take their work more seriously than some of them do, and try to put it through in a business like manner. Counters should not be appointed from bungling people, as a reward for political acfor accurate and quick figuring are want ed. A prompt return is a public service and does cedit to the precinct that sends

KAISER ABDICATES

"Tis done, but yesterday a king, And armed with kings to strive Today thou art a nameless thing, So abject, yet alive."

The quotation is from Lord Byron's "Ode to Napoleon Bonaparte," written after the battle of Waterloo a century ago. It can be applied with emphasis to Wilhelm II today. Yesterday the head of the mighty house of Hohenzollern was emperor of Germany and king of Prussia. Today he is a private citizen, hated throughout the civilized world. Bonaparte died in exile upon the lonely isle of St. Helena. Wilhelm does not yet know whao what fate has in store for himwhether he will be tried and punished for his monstrous crimes or whether he will be allowed to drag out a miserable existence in some secluded spot far from the haunts of men. What a fall from power and prestige! What a snuffing out of martial glory\$ What a wreck of nations! And all because a monarch in the present enlightened day and age of of the world allowed his ambition to rise to such a height that he became consumed with a desire to rule the earth. It could not be done, and the result of such an attempt upon the part of the emperor of Germany is his abdication after defeat in the field. Without doubt he will occupy a place in history, but he will not e written down as a wise and beneficient uler. On the contrary, he will he held up as an object for the contempt of the people of succeeding generations. Better to have been a private soldier fighting in the allied army than to have been the kaiser who commanded millions of men battling for an unholy cause!-Salt A be daily Lake Tribune.

Plow factories, both at home and

abroad, still report a scarcity of raw material in the shape of swords.—Anaconda Standard.

Ostend is a summer resort, but that isn't why the Germans decided it would be unhealthful to spend the winter there.

Pittsburg Gazette Times.

The Berlin stock exchange just thinks it is "uneasy." If it would know the real meaning of the word it might ask the German general staff.—Marion Advertises.

Can it be that Germany it not going to charge King Albert anything for having taken care of Belgium for him during the most critical years of its history?-New York Post.

THE WAR COMFORTS CAMPAIGN

It is not enough to arm and clothe the soldiers, and provide them with all the munitions an dengineery of war. They are not mere machines. They are human beings, our own dearest ones who are suffering and dying for us.

The Christian Associations, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare board, and other organizations for which the war work canvass is now to be made, are absolutely essential to the success of our armies as a fighting force. Morale is everything on the battle field. The soldier who is lonely, homesick, discouraged

is a poor fighter. But you take him down to one of those blessed huts where brave and self sacrificing fellows will see that he is warmed and fed and cheered up, and he is another man. The men come in almost wrecks after the strain of the fighting and the sight of suffering and death. They are unstrung and not masters of themselves. The transformation wrought in the huts is something marvelous. The handshake the comradeship, the cheerful bit of mu-sic, the ford of counsel and friendship, these tone a man up and he is himself again. Now he can go out and fight.

The work of these organizations is not merely of great military value, but it keeps the men to a high moral standard. Formerly wars were demoralizing to the character of the soldiers, and many of them returned forever corrupted by enfeebling vices. The various huts stand for the clean, manly soldier life, and they wil lreturn our boys to us physically and morally better than they were when they

As it is going to need \$170,500,000 to carry on this war comfort work, it is manifest that everyone has got to go pretty deep into his pocket. It is no time for the little gifts we ordinarily make to home charities.

HEALTHFUL HOMES

Where a movement can be successfully carried through to give wage earners more healthful and comfortable homes, if benefits every interest in that community. For instance, take the results achieved in the so called "garden cities" of England. Equally pertinent results could be found in many American towns, but we happen to have available statistics of a few English towns that illustrate the

Bournsmouth, England, is one town where the idea of healthful homes with open air space for wage earners was carried out. The tyelve year old boys of Bournsmouth average to weikh seventytwo pounds, while the twelve year old boys in crowded Birmingham weigh only sixty-three pounds.

Now what an enormous difference it will make in the future of any town, thus to improve the physical condition of its young people. It means brighter minds, more active bodies more skillful mechanes. It could probably be depended upoto increase the industrial production of

that community 50 to 100 per cent. Housing conditions as a whole are excellent in Logan. There are few places in this section where a young person can grow up with better chances of health. Still, we have our own faults, and most American towns have grown rather haphazard. In most of them the building and eral estate development has been more to make moncy than to promote commun-

ity welfare. Space for gardens, good drainage, airy sleeping rooms with plenty of window space, these are some of the first requisites are provided. It may cost a little more at the start, but the results pay many times over in better physical ability an davoidance of sickness.

OUR BOYS ABROAD?

Every Man, Woman and Child Can Join to Send News of This Town Into the Front Line Trenches.

WHOLE NATION MOVES TO BANISH SOLITUDE

Our Heroes Are Calling From Over There-Give What You Can to Help Those From

Every citizen interested in the boys of his home town now at the front, and in the brave women who equally are serving their country abroad, has an epportunity to show his appreciation of the sacrifice they are making. The opportunity comes as a result of the generosity and thought of Colonel William Boyce Thompson of New York, who has conceived and put into execution what is known as the Home Paper Service.

Under the plan, every man and woman in foreign service will receive the town newspaper, and so be kept in constant touch with the places and the people they know and love.

Every branch of the United States Government is interested in the plan. The Government realizes the importance of keeping those in the service happy and constantly in touch with their home ties and associations. Nothing is more depressing in a national emergency than the spirit of loneliness in those serving their country, and officials know that nothing can dispel this feeling more effectually than reading the home town newspaper.

Publishers of newspapers in all parts of the country-this newspaper included-have grasped with pleasure the plan outlined by Colonel Thompson, and they have agreed to co-operate in every way.

Under the ruling of the War Industries Board newspaper publishers are forbidden to send their newspapers free, even to soldiers. The newspaper must be subscribed for in the regular way, the only exception being soldiers who formerly were in the employ of who formerly were in the employ of the newspaper and who left that service to enlist. Colonel Thompson there case of an attack you will know exfore proposes that the public in each community contribute to a Yund so that the home newspaper (in our case this newspaper) may reach every man and woman now in the service of his coun-

Anyone may contribute to the fund, and any sum may be contributed. It is not necessary to contribute the entire amount of one subscription. It does not matter whether the rich man sends in one hundred dollars or the poor boy or little girl sends in five cents. Each / gift will be a message of love and help-fulness to the home town folks "Over There." The money will be lumped into one fund, out of which subscriptions will be entered as fast as the money is received.

Contributors who send in the full price of a year's subscription may, if they wish, designate to what particular person they wish the newspaper sent, but if the name given is already listed as receiving the paper, then the publisher reserves the right to apply the subscription to some less fortunate soldier boy or noble woman who is just as lonely for news of home and home folks.

The name of every contributor to this home paper service will be published in this newspaper, and the name . everyone entered for a subscription Il be published as well as the numper of those remaining whose subscriptions have not been covered.

If the amount of money received shall be more than is necessary to send the paper to every person from the town now in the service, then the balance will be turned over to the Red

The plan is endorsed by the publisher of this newspaper without any thought of profit, either directly or indirectly, but with a sincere desire to help keep the home fires burning and to send to our heroes and heroines news of our town, to keep their hearts warm for us and to let them know they are constantly in our minds.

The publisher, of course, cannot make a profit on circulation, and additional circulation such as this will bedreulation from non-purchase far across the sea-can have no added value to the advertiser.

These facts are stated so that every contributor may feel that every cent contributed goes to the good cause, The mothers of our boys are facing

in ordeal with a bravery that comuands respect and admiration. Hereand there where tiny stars are turned from blue to gold, where anguish grips the heart, the uniton clauds in silence and honors the women who have given of their blood, the very bone of their bone, to their country. To them, home has lost its menuing the soul of it has fled-there is no home, it is just a place, and no place is quite so lonely, unless it be within the bearts of those brave sons in far off France who long for just a word of home. There can not be a man, there cannot be a wo man, no, not even n child, who will fall to contribute just a little to make the bearts of these patriots lighter. Not one. Not in our town,

if author he section him I'll

*********** THE TRUTH ABOUT CANDY

Candy Takes the Place of Alcohol

There was a time when the army and navy supplied their men with rum and whisky.

But today, while recognizing the need of supplying heat for the system, it is known that alcohol is not the proper thing. Sugar has taken its place, because sugar supplies the carbohydrates which every

Hence, candy is supplied liberally to soldiers.

Leading American officers indorse chocolate candy as an essential food for soldiers.

The various quartermesters' departments draw large supplies of dy for the soldiers to eat. These requirements run into the hundreds of thousands of pounds.

For example, on a recent cruise, the Atlantic squadron, carrying NO LIQUOR aboard, bad on its various ships 40,000 pounds of candy—because it recognized candy as among the most nutritious foods for

The acid test of war is putting candy down as a FOOD—a food which supplies the body with its energizing fuel.

Physicians and scientists claim that candy will supply the taste for alcoholic beverages. This is probably one reason why, as candy is becoming more and more firmly established and recognized for its value, alcoholic drinks are declining. Right along with the decrease in whisky drinking, one notes the tremendous increase in the recognition of candy as a food.

Men who once thought that whisky would bolster them up, now find that in candy they have a real source of body fuel and energy.

People have wondered what would be the substitute for drinking to supply-heat for the system. They have found that sugar is the real source of body fuel, as it supplies the carbohydrates. Sugar is enjoyed most when it is made up into a food product, mixed with fruit, nuts, etc., all of which are high in food value.

Sugar is recognized as a food product-and milk as a food product —and cocoa as a food product—and nuts and fruit and raisins as food products. These are the chief ingredients of candy. Logically, then, the combination of all these products is bound to be a wholesome,

—In normal times the candy industry uses only 5% of the sugar consumed per capita in this country. Right now this smount has been cut squarely in two.

The Candy Manufacturers of Utah and Idaho.

ABOUT CROUP

their being attacked by that disease carefully. you should procure a bottle of Cham-

-- actly what course to pursue. This is a favorite and very successful If your children are subject to remedy for croup, and it is importcroup or if you have reason to fear aut that you observe the directions

Protects Desk Tops.



LETTERS from our boys in the trenches and from the women in canteen and other war work, all bring to us the same message—SEND US NEWS FROM HOME.

World news is all right, but OUR BOYS want NEWS OF THIS TOWN. They want the home newspaper. Publishers are prevented from sending their papers free to anyone, even boys in the service. Consequently a national movement has been started by Col. William Boyce Thompson of New York, who is acting as President of the Home Paper Service of America to give the boys what they are calling for. Every community is joining the movement. Let us see that our boys are not forgotten.

Send to the publisher of this newspaper whatever amount of money you can-5 cents or \$50.00. We will publish a list each week of those contributing, and the amounts contributed.

Every cent received will be used to send this paper to our boys at the front. If at the end of the war, there is any surplus, it will be turned over to the local Red Cross Committee.

There is no profit in this to the publishereven in normal times, subscriptions are not sold it a profit. With war prices prevail to and the high rate of postage on papers sent to France, our cost will scarcely be covered by our fuel subscription price.

Remember that over in France, some brave soldier or sailor from this town-perhaps even some splendid woman working within sound of the gens-is depending on you to "KEEP THE HOME LOVE KINDLED."

They are calling to YOU from "Over There" GIVE WHAT YOU CAN